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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/524,762	02/15/2005	Werner Bonrath	K21364USWO (C038435/01843	3414
7590 01/23/2008 Stephen M Haracz Bryan Cave 1290 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10104			EXAMINER	
			GALE, KELLETTE	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			01/23/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(a)				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commons	10/524,762	BONRATH ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Kellette Gale	1621				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09 O	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 October 2007</u> .					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
·— · · ·	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers		·				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate				

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DETAILED ACTION

Status of Claims

Claims 1-20 are pending in this application.

The rejection of claims 1-20 has been maintained.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed October 9, 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Applicant argues that the Examiner's previous arguments stand unrebutted and for those reasons alone, the rejection should be withdrawn.

The Examiner contends that in the previous response, there was indeed a rebuttal to applicant's arguments and that although they were in the form of contentions,

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it was a sufficient response. Applicant argued that there was no case of prima facie obviousness presented that was sufficient enough to maintain the rejection.

The Examiner contends that one of ordinary skill in the art would find it obvious to use any ketone or a ketone that is in close relationship to that which is claimed. The Examiner has pointed out to the applicant that Tedeschi et al has used acetone in their invention. It would be obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention to utilize the disclosure of Tedeschi et al and incorporate any ketone as taught. One of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention would be motivated to use any ketone especially one which has a close relationship with that which is already taught. Applicant's methyl ethyl ketone has a close homologous relationship with acetone. Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention would not only find it obvious to do so, but would be motivated to use methyl ethyl ketone and any other homolog to that which is taught in order to prepare the corresponding acetylenic alcohol.

Applicant has also issued a declaration with a showing of unexpected results. After careful consideration of the disclosure of Tedeschi et al and the showing of unexpected results, the Examiner has concluded that Tedeschi et al's ratio of alkali metal hydroxide to ketone is within the claimed range. This information shows that it would be obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention to optimize their process results by utilizing any such ratio within the range disclosed. Please see column 2, lines 60-64 to see that the ratio quoted previously by the Examiner was incorrect. The ratio seen here has a range of 0.5-0.001; wherein that

which is claimed equals to about 0.005. One having ordinary skill in the art would find it obvious to utilize any such ratio within that which has been disclosed including one which is equal to 0.005.

Also, applicant's showing of unexpected results merely shows an optimization of process parameters. The high ratio is in direct proportion to a high conversion to product; whereas as a low ratio shows a low conversion to product. Although it is also shown that a high ratio yields a higher by-product percentage than that of a low ratio, this information merely shows optimization of the process parameters and this information is not held as patentably distinct information.

Therefore, for the reasons stated above and for those found in the previous office actions, the rejection of claims 1-20 under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tedeschi et al (US 3,709,946) is maintained.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kellette Gale whose telephone number is (571) 272-8038. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (6:30am-3:00pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, YVONNE EYLER can be reached on 571-272-0871. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Kellette Gale Patent Examiner Technology Center 1600

January 16, 2008

Samuel Barts

Primary Patent Examiner Technology Center 1600

HAM